

OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD. UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

Page 1 of 16

	January 31, 2013 \$	October 31, 2012 \$
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	1,274,718	1,295,854
Amounts receivable (Note 5)	10,295	37,356
Prepaid expenses (Note 6)	194,574	144,295
Current portion of loan receivable (Note 9)	16,822	16,822
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,496,409	1,494,327
EQUIPMENT (Note 8)	64,457	67,862
LOAN RECEIVABLE (Note 9)	229,774	229,957
TOTAL ASSETS	1,790,640	1,792,146
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 10)	284,595	226,634
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CAPITAL STOCK (Note 12(b))	16,935,714	16,733,645
EQUITY RESERVES		
Stock options (Note 13)	2,406,790	1,671,731
DEFICIT	(17,836,459)	(16,839,864)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,506,045	1,565,512
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,790,640	1,792,146
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 7 and 14) GOING CONCERN (Note 1)		

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Signed "Leni Keough", Director

Signed "Craig Reith", Director

OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD. UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months	Three months
	ended January 31,	ended January 31,
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Exploration expenses (Notes 7 and 11)	133,760	258,516
Administrative and general expenses (Note 11)	132,603	141,898
Stock-option amortization expense (Notes 11 and 13)	815,059	10,257
Other amortization	3,405	4,263
	<u> </u>	
Loss before the under-noted	(1,084,827)	(414,934)
Internet in come from the second set		
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,914	5,281
Interest income from loans and	0,014	5,201
Receivables	4,318	4,415
NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	<u>(1,076,595)</u>	<u> (405,238)</u>
NET LOSS PER SHARE - basic and Diluted	<u>(\$0.03)</u>	<u>(\$0.01)</u>
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - basic and diluted	<u>34,113,309</u>	<u>32,505,744</u>

Page 2 of 16

OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD. UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

Page 3 of 16

	Three months ended January 31, 2013 \$	Three months ended January 31, 2012 \$
 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net loss for the period Adjustments for charges not involving cash: Stock-option amortization expense (Note 13) Other amortization Changes in non-cash working capital balances: Decrease (increase) in amounts receivable (Increase) in prepaid expenses (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities 	(1,076,595) 815,059 <u>3,405</u> (258,131) 27,061 (50,279) (41,249)	(405,238) 10,257 <u>4,263</u> (390,718) (8,039) (63,430) (20,719)
Cash flows from operating activities	(322,598)	(482,906)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Loan receivable	183	85
Cash flows from investing activities	183	85
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Issue of flow-through shares Issue of common shares Less cost of issue Issue of common shares by exercise of options	325,000 (23,721)	1,349,000 849,800 (51,906) 275,000
Cash flows from financing activities	301,279	2,421,894
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash Equivalents	(21,136)	1,939,073
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,295,854	1,079,727
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period (Note 4)	<u> 1,274,718</u>	3,018,800

OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD. UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Equity Reserves					
	Shares	Capital Stock	Stock options	Warrants	Deficit	Total
	# (Note 12 (b))	\$ (Note 12(b))	\$ (Note 13)	\$	\$	\$
Balance, October 31, 2011	31,650,637	14,100,756	1,861,070	-	(14,796,633)	1,165,193
Common shares issued	772,545	849,800	-	-	-	849,800
Flow-through shares issued	1,079,200	1,187,120	-	-	-	1,187,120
Share issue costs	-	(51,906)	-	-	-	(51,906)
Options exercised	275,000	484,000	(209,000)	-	-	275,000
Options expired	-	-	(1,368,000)	-	1,368,000	-
Stock-option amortization expense	-	-	10,257	-	-	10,257
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(405,238)	(405,238)
Balance January 31, 2012	33,777,382	16,569,770	294,327	-	(13,833,871)	3,030,226
Balance, October 31, 2012	33,927,382	16,733,645	1,671,731	-	(16,839,864)	1,565,512
Flow-through shares issued	342,105	225,790	-	-	-	225,790
Share issue costs	-	(23,721)	-	-	-	(23,721)
Options expired	-	-	(80,000)		80,000	-
Stock-option amortization expense	-	-	815,059	-	-	815,059
Loss for the period	-	-	-		(1,076,595)	(1,076,595)
Balance, January 31, 2013	34,269,487	16,935,714	2,406,790	-	(17,836,459)	1,506,045

Equity Reserves

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Olivut Resources Ltd. (the "Company" or "Olivut") is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Canada and Paraguay for the purpose of mining diamonds and other precious and base minerals. The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange. The head office is located at 27010 Hwy 16, 14 Mountain Park Properties, Jasper East, Alberta. These financial statements were reviewed, approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 25, 2013.

The Company is in the process of exploring properties for mineral resources and has not determined whether the properties contain economically recoverable reserves. The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current or future exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation and confirmation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, the ability of the Company to obtain financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities that would be necessary if the Company were unable to realize its assets or discharge its liabilities in anything other than the ordinary course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, native land claims and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements. The Company's assets and operations are subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts, currency exchange fluctuations and restrictions and political uncertainty.

The Company needs equity capital financing in order to explore and evaluate its properties and for working capital requirements. Because of limited working capital and continuing operating losses, the Company's continuance as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain adequate financing and/or to reach profitable levels of operation. There is no assurance that funds will be available on terms acceptable to the Company or at all.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The accounting policies followed in these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's most recent audited annual financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2012. These unaudited condensed interim unaudited financial statements do not include all note disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements. Accordingly these condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2012.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended January 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending October 31, 2013.

3. ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning after November 1, 2012. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated to determine their impact on the Company. Updates not applicable or not consequential to the Company have been excluded.

IFRS 7 — Financial Instruments: Disclosures ("IFRS 7") was amended by the IASB in December 2011 to amend the disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 to require information about all recognised financial instruments that are offset in accordance with paragraph 42 of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation. The amendments also require disclosure of information about recognised financial instruments subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements even if they are not set off under IAS 32. The amendments to IFRS 7 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB in November 2009 with additions in October 2010 and will replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9, except that an entity choosing to measure a financial liability at fair value will present the portion of any change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income, rather than within profit or loss. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted.

IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10") was issued by the IASB in May 2011 and will replace IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and SIC 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities. IFRS 10 is a new standard which identifies the concept of control as the determining factor in assessing whether an entity should be included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. Control is comprised of three elements: power over an investee; exposure, or rights, to variable returns from involvement with the investee; and the ability to use power over the investee to affect returns. IFRS 10 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier adoption is permitted.

3. ACCOUNTING CHANGES (Continued)

IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements ("IFRS 11") was issued by the IASB in May 2011 and will replace IAS 31 Interest in Joint Ventures and SIC 13 Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers. IFRS 11 is a new standard which focuses on classifying joint arrangements by their rights and obligations rather than their legal form. Entities are classified into two groups: joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation exists when the parties have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of a joint arrangement. A joint venture exists when the parties have rights to the net assets of a joint arrangement. Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in a joint operation are accounted for in accordance with the arrangement. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. IFRS 11 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier adoption is permitted.

IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 13 is a new standard which provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement considerations for use across IFRS. IFRS 13 clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. IFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier adoption is permitted.

January 31

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4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

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	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash in account at a Canadian chartered bank	704.044	707 500
Cash in Guaranteed Investment Certificates	764,241	787,568
issued by a Canadian chartered bank	510,477	508,286
	1,274,718	1,295,854
AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
	January 31, 2013 \$	October 31, 2012 \$
GST input tax credit	10,295	37,356
PREPAID EXPENSES	January 31,	October 31,

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Prepaid insurance premiums	21,642	18,375
Professional fees Deposit on future conference	168,882 4,050	121,870 4,050
	194.574	144.295

7. MINERAL PROPERTY AND EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

The Company has a 100% interest in the HOAM Project located in the Mackenzie Region, Northwest Territories, Canada (the "HOAM Project"). This interest is subject to a 1.5% Net Smelter Return royalty ("NSR"), 50% of which is held by a director and officer of the Company.

On July 6, 2011, the Company announced that it had signed an option agreement with Latin American Minerals Inc. ("LAT") (TSXV:LAT) and certain of its Paraguayan subsidiaries to explore the Itapoty Diamond Project located in central Paraguay, South America. Olivut may earn a 50% interest in the Itapoty Diamond Project by incurring \$250,000 in expenses by July 5, 2012 and an additional \$750,000 by January 5, 2014. The July 5, 2012 requirement was met and a total of \$405,435 was incurred by January 31, 2013. Olivut is the operator.

In May 2009, the Company signed an option agreement with Orosur Mining Inc. ("OMI") (TSXV:OMI) to explore certain properties located in northern Uruguay, South America (the "Rivera Project"). Pursuant to subsequent exploration activities, Olivut determined that additional expenditures on these diamond prospecting and exploration licenses were not justified and on June 17, 2012, pursuant to the terms of the option agreement, the Company terminated the option. As a result, the Company has no further interest in these properties, but remains responsible for any environmental or other liabilities arising from work performed by the Company. The Company believes there are no such liabilities outstanding.

During the three months ended January 31, 2013, the Company incurred \$133,760 (2012 - \$258,516) on exploration expenditures. Cumulative exploration expenditures made by the Company as at January 31, 2013 total \$15,093,726 (at October 31, 2012 - \$14,959,966). This cumulative total represents \$14,162,857 spent on the HOAM Project (October 31, 2012 - \$14,105,908), \$405,435 (October 31, 2012 - \$332,179) spent on the Itapoty Diamond Project and \$525,434 spent on the Rivera Project (October 31, 2012 - \$521,879).

8. EQUIPMENT

	January 31, 2013		(October 31, 201	2	
		Accumulated		Accumulated		
	Cost	Amortization	Net	Cost	Amortization	Net
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Drill rig	91,288	28,847	62,441	91,288	25,561	65,727
Office equipment	11,951	10,391	1,560	11,951	10,309	1,642
Computer equipment	17,316	16,860	456	17,316	16,823	493
	120,555	56,098	64,457	120,555	52,693	67,862

9. LOAN RECEIVABLE

On May 25, 2007, the Company loaned \$250,000 to an unrelated corporation that is providing services to the Company. The loan bears interest at 7% per annum and is secured by a general security agreement covering all assets of the borrower. Repayment terms include monthly payments of interest and principal of \$1,500 with the balance due May 25, 2017.

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	January 31, 2013 \$	October 31, 2012 \$
Corporate payables and accrued liabilities (note 11)	133,907	128,961
Premium for flow-through tax benefits	99,210	-
Exploration expense payables	51,478	97,673
	284,595	226,634

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The remuneration of directors and key management personnel during the period was as follows:

	3 months ended	3 months ended January 31		
	2013 \$	2012 \$		
Salaries including bonuses Short term benefits Stock-option amortization expense	56,459 16,000 733,553	56,363 18,000 -		
Total remuneration	806,012	74,363		

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. Independent non-executive directors are not remunerated other than the benefits received, if any, from the granting of stock options.

In addition to salaries and benefits, during the three months ended January 31, 2013, a total of \$Nil (three months ended January 31, 2012 - \$13,000) for exploration consulting expenditures, and \$2,400 (three months ended January 31, 2012 - \$2,400) for administrative and general expenses included in the statement of operations were accrued or paid to directors and officers of the Company or persons or companies related to or controlled by them. The directors and officers of the Company or persons or companies related to or controlled by them were also reimbursed at cost for expenses incurred on behalf of the Company.

In connection with the December 12, 2012 private placement (see note 12(b)), 25,000 common shares with flow-through tax benefits were sold to certain officers of the Company.

Amounts included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities owed to directors and officers of the Company or persons or companies related to or controlled by them are as follows:

Amounts owed to related parties, as at

	<u>January 31, 2013</u>	October 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Officers and directors	29,555	74,664
Other related parties	Nil	53,603

These amounts are unsecured and non interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

12. CAPITAL STOCK

The capital stock is as follows:

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value

b) Issued

34,269,487 common shares

A summary of changes during the three months ended January 31, 2013 is as follows:

	Common Shares #	Amount \$
Balance, October 31, 2012	33,927,382	16,733,645
Private placement of common shares Share issue costs Premium for flow-through tax benefits	342,105	325,000 (23,721) (99,210)
Balance, January 31, 2013	34,269,487	16,935,714

On December 12, 2012 the Company issued a total of 342,105 common shares through a non-brokered private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$325,000. The private placement comprised the issue of 342,105 common shares with flow-through tax benefits to the shareholders at a price of \$0.95 per flow-through share.

13. EQUITY RESERVES

Stock options	Number of Options #	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Grant Date Fair Value of Options \$
October 31, 2012	3,270,000	1.158	1,671,731
Expired Stock-option amortization expense	(125,000) -	0.850	(80,000) 815,059
January 31, 2013	3,145,000	0.9132	2,406,790

13. EQUITY RESERVES (Continued)

The Company's Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") provides for the granting of stock options to independent directors (who receive no other compensation from the Company), officers, employees and consultants of the Company. Stock options are granted for a term not to exceed ten years at exercise prices not less than the closing sale price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange on the trading day immediately preceding the date the options are granted, and are not transferable. The Plan is administered by the Board of Directors, which determines individual eligibility under the Plan, number of shares reserved for optioning to each individual (not to exceed 5% of issued and outstanding shares to any one individual) and the vesting period. The maximum number of shares of the Company that are issuable pursuant to the Plan is limited to 10% of the issued shares.

The following is a summary of stock options outstanding at January 31, 2013:

Expiry Date	Outstanding	Exercisable	Estimated Grant	Exercise
	Stock Options	Stock Options	Date Fair Value	Price
	#	#	\$	\$
December 9, 2014	565,000	565,000	79,100	0.165
April 19, 2015	35,000	35,000	9,100	0.300
March 10, 2016	50,000	50,000	73,500	1.700
June 27, 2022 (i)	2,495,000	831,666	3,368,250	1.400
Total, January 31, 2013	3,145,000	1,481,666	3,529,950	0.9132

i) The 1,663,334 unvested options as at January 31, 2013 vest as to 831,667 on June 27, 2013 and 831,667 on December 27, 2013.

The estimated grant date fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Options granted in the year ended October 31, 2012 were valued using the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.82%
Expected volatility	130%
Expected life	10 years

The fair value attributed to the options when granted is charged to stock-option amortization expense and added to equity reserves over the period the options vest. An amount of \$815,059 was charged to stock-option amortization expense during the three months ended January 31, 2013 (three months ended January 31, 2012 - \$10,257).

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options as of January 31, 2013 is 7.9 years (October 31, 2012 – 7.8 years). The weighted average exercise price of options exercisable as at January 31, 2013 is \$0.91 (October 31, 2012 - \$0.38).

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a) Environmental Contingencies

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

b) Management Contracts

The Company is party to a management contract. Minimum contract commitments remaining under the agreement are approximately \$660,000, including \$220,000 due within one year. Upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in control, the contract requires payment of up to \$1,000,000. As a triggering event has not taken place, the contingent payment has not been reflected in these financial statements.

c) Flow-Through Shares

Pursuant to the issuance of 342,105 flow-through shares on December 12, 2012, the Company has renounced \$325,000 of qualified exploration expenditures with an effective date of December 31, 2012.

The Company is required to expend this amount on qualified exploration expenditures by December 31, 2013. As of January 31, 2013 the Company has expended \$27,519 of this amount on qualified exploration expenditures. The amount remaining to be expended is \$297,481.

The Company has indemnified the subscribers of current and previous flow-through share offerings against any tax related amounts that may become payable by the subscribers as a result of the Company not meeting this expenditure commitment.

d) Operating Lease

The Company is committed to an operating lease for equipment rental, which expires on May 2, 2014. Minimum lease payments for successive fiscal years ending October 31 are as follows:

Year	\$ Amount		
2013 2014	2,160 <u>1,440</u>		
	3,600		

15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of exploration properties. The capital of the Company consists of capital stock and equity reserves. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for the Company's management, but rather relies on the expertise of management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. Accordingly, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for its administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed and if reasonably available. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the three months ended January 31, 2013 or the year ended October 31, 2012. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Company's financial risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

a) Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable and a loan receivable. The Company has no significant credit risk arising from operations. Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank deposits with a Canadian chartered bank and guaranteed investment certificates issued by a Canadian chartered bank. The loan receivable is described in Note 9 and is secured by all assets of the borrower. Management believes that the credit risk with respect to these financial instruments is remote.

b) Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to meet liabilities when due. As at January 31, 2013, the Company had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1,274,718 (October 31, 2012 - \$1,295,854) to settle current liabilities of \$284,595 (October 31, 2012 - \$226,634). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than one year and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company's ability to continue operations and fund its business is dependent on management's ability to secure additional financing. It is anticipated that the Company will continue to rely on equity financing to meet its ongoing working capital requirements. On the basis of the Company's current cash position, management of the Company believes that it has sufficient funds to meet its ongoing administrative and general costs until the fiscal year end October 31, 2013 and will be soliciting additional financing during the next year to enable the Company to continue exploration on its projects and to consider new opportunities. Management carefully monitors its cash balances and may postpone material exploration expenses so as to protect the Company's working capital if equity markets do not permit additional financing. See note 17.

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

c) Market Risk

(i) Interest Rate Risk

The Company has cash and cash equivalents balances and no interest bearing debt at January 31, 2013. The Company's current policy is to invest cash in investment-grade short-term guaranteed investment certificates issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit rating of its banks. The Company considers interest rate risk to be minimal as investments are short-term, the Company does not carry interest-bearing debt, the loan receivable is at a fixed interest rate and it is expected that future financings, if any, would be secured from equity placements rather than debt obligations.

(ii) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. Management believes that the foreign exchange risk from currency conversions is negligible.

As discussed in Note 7, the Company acts as operator of an exploration project in Paraguay. At January 31, 2013, the Company has spent \$405,435 on the Itapoty Diamond Project in Paraguay and has the option to spend an additional \$594,565 by January 5, 2014, all in Canadian dollars. Management believes that the Company will not be subject to any material foreign currency risk related to this option.

(iii) Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Although the Company has no influence on commodity prices, it closely monitors commodity prices to determine appropriate courses of action.

d) Fair Value

The Company has designated its cash equivalents as held-for-trading, measured at fair value. Amounts receivable and loan receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

The carrying amounts for amounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statements of financial position approximate fair value because of the limited terms of these instruments. The fair value of the loan receivable approximates carrying value as the interest rate approximates the current rate for similar instruments.

The Company's financial instruments that are carried at fair value consist of cash equivalents that do not have quoted market prices. They have been classified as level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

16. **FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)**

e) Sensitivity to Financial Risks

The Company considers interest rate risk to be minimal as investments are short-term; the loan receivable (Note 9) has a fixed interest rate of 7% and the Company does not carry interest bearing debt. It is expected that future financings, if any, would be secured from equity placements rather than debt obligations. Based on cash and cash equivalents held by the Company as at January 31, 2013, a 1% increase or decrease in the interest rate would generate a respective increase or decrease in interest income of approximately \$12,000.

The Company does not hold any balances in foreign currencies to give rise to foreign exchange risk.

Price risk is remote since the Company is not a producing entity.

There were no changes in the three months ended January 31, 2013 or the year ended October 31, 2012 that occurred that were attributed to financial risk.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 12, 2013 the Company announced that it has entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") to raise up to \$18 million over approximately the next 36 months in a tranched placement of securities to the Canadian Special Opportunity Fund, L.P., a fund managed by The Lind Partners, a New York-based asset management firm (together "Lind").

Under the terms and conditions of the Agreement, Lind invested \$500,000 on March 12, 2013 and may invest approximately \$200,000 every month over the following 35 months. These monthly tranches may be increased to a maximum of \$500,000 upon mutual agreement between Olivut and Lind and may be less than \$200,000 if any single tranche exceeds 0.55% of the Company's market capitalization. The initial investment of \$500,000 consisted of (i) a \$300,000 callable, convertible security that may be converted into 689,655 units (each a "Unit") and (ii) common shares to a value of \$200,000 which will be issued on April 9, 2013 at the Purchase Price defined below. The first 500,000 Units issued with respect to the convertible security shall be comprised of one common share and one warrant (the warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share, as further described below) and the remaining Units issued shall be exercisable for one common share.

The convertible security has a term of 36 months with a 0% interest rate and is unsecured and subordinated. Lind has the right to call the security at any time commencing upon the earlier of (i) September 12, 2013 or (ii) the date on which the Company terminates the Agreement. The convertible security may be converted into Units any time.

The 500,000 warrants that may be issued entitle the holder to purchase common shares at \$0.5957 per share until March 12, 2016; half vest immediately and half vest upon the earlier of March 12, 2014 or immediately upon termination of the Agreement by the Company.

Page 16 of 16

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENT (Continued)

The number of common shares issued in the monthly tranches will be calculated based on a price per common share equal to 92.5% of the Daily Volume Weighted Average Price ("VWAP") per common share on the TSXV for the 5 days chosen by Lind out of the 20 trading days preceding such issuance date and provided such price will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price per common share on the trading day immediately preceding the relevant cash advance date or (ii) the volume-weighted average price per Common Share, on the TSXV on the trading day immediately preceding the relevant cash advance date, in either case, less the maximum permitted discount under TSXV regulations (the "Purchase Price").

The Agreement includes explicit no shorting provisions (including that Lind, its affiliates, associates and insiders will not sell Olivut shares that it does not hold in its inventory and that it does not own outright; pre-sell shares that it expects to receive or has contracted to receive, where such shares have not yet been issued and delivered to it; borrow shares to be sold; or borrow shares to cover a short position), a floor price which enables Olivut to refuse to issue stock below \$0.40 and the option for Olivut to terminate the Agreement at any time, subject to compliance with the terms of the Agreement.

As part of the financing, Lind received a commitment fee of \$200,000 payable in 505,944 common shares.