OLIVUT RESOURCES LTD.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2007

THESE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE UNAUDITED AND HAVE NOT BEEN REVIEWED BY THE COMPANY'S AUDITORS.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
AS AT

	January 31, 2007 $ (Unaudited)	October 31, 2006 $ (Audited) (Note 3)
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash and short-term investments	4,104,253	1,847,059
Cash held in escrow	-	3,008,340
Amounts receivable	92,125	20,610
	4,196,378	4,876,009
DEFERRED PUBLIC OFFERING COSTS (Note 4)	-	592,388
INTERESTS IN EXPLORATION PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES (Note 5)	4,805,232	4,223,745
EQUIPMENT (Note 6)	9,822	10,450
	9,011,432	9,702,592
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	153,905	560,548
FUTURE INCOME TAX LIABILITY	425,000	833,500
	578,905	1,394,048
COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 5 and 9)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CAPITAL STOCK (Note 8(b))	7,989,750	2,642,993
SPECIAL WARRANTS (Note 8(c))	-	5,483,800
WARRANTS (Note 8(d))	132,000	132,000
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Note 8(f))	61,926	-
RETAINED EARNINGS	248,851	49,751
	8,432,527	8,308,544
	9,011,432	9,702,592

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

______________________________, Director ______________________________, Director

See accompanying notes to the unaudited financial statements.

(A Development Stage Company)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2007 $ (Unaudited)	2006 $ (Unaudited) (Note 3)
ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES		
Stock-based compensation	61,926	-
Office and general	34,860	1,589
Management services	16,500	5,863
Amortization	628	840
(Loss) before the under-noted	(113,914)	(8,292)
Interest income	46,449	2,972
(Loss) before income taxes	(67,465)	(5,320)
Income tax recovery	266,565	-
NET INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	199,100	(5,320)
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT), beginning of period	49,751	(26,441)
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT), end of period	248,851	(31,761)
EARNINGS, (LOSS) PER SHARE - Basic	0.011	(0.001)
Diluted	0.011	(0.001)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	18,900,529	10,310,000
DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	18,959,129	10,310,000

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2007 $ (Unaudited)	Three Months Ended January 31, 2006 $ (Unaudited) (Note 3)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss) for the period	199,100	(5,320)
Adjustments for items not involving cash:		
Stock based compensation	61,926	-
Income tax (recovery)	(266,565)	-
Amortization	628	840
	(4,911)	(4,480)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:		
(Increase) in amounts receivable	(71,515)	(14,384)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	7,725
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(406,643)	(46,126)
Cash flows from operating activities	(483,069)	(57,265)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Public offering costs	(12,544)	(23,136)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease of cash held in escrow	3,008,340	-
Cash acquired through reverse takeover	325,954	-
Interest in exploration properties and deferred exploration expenditures	(581,487)	(89,324)
Cash flows from investing activities	2,752,807	(89,324)
Increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	2,257,194	(169,725)
Cash and short-term investments, beginning of period	1,847,059	618,473
Cash and short-term investments, end of period	4,104,253	448,748
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION		
Interest paid	-	-
Income tax paid	-	-
Exercise of special warrants	5,483,800	-
CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS ARE COMPOSED OF THE FOLLOWING:		
Cash	1,854,253	448,748
Short-term investments	2,250,000	-

See accompanying notes to the unaudited financial statements.

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

These interim consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

Olivut Resources Ltd. (the "Company") was formed through a Reverse Takeover Transaction dated January 8, 2007 (see note 3). The Company, which is in the development stage, is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of properties for the purpose of mining precious and base minerals.

The Company is in the process of exploring its properties for mineral resources and has not determined whether the properties contain economically recoverable reserves. The recovery of the amounts shown for the exploration properties and the related deferred expenditures is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration, and upon future profitable production.

The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of exploration properties and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, or the ability of the Company to raise alternative financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis. Changes in future conditions could require material write-downs of the carrying values.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for the preparation of interim financial information and follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the audited financial statements of the pre-amalgamated Olivut Investments Ltd. for the period ended October 31, 2006. They do not include all of the information and disclosures required by Canadian GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these financial statements. Operating results for the period ended January 31, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ended October 31, 2007. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the pre-amalgamated Olivut Investments Ltd. audited financial statements including the notes thereto for the year ended October 31, 2006.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Company are in accordance with GAAP and their basis of application is consistent with that of the previous year. Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant.

Cash and short-term investments

Cash and short-term investments include cash on hand and balances with banks, net of bank overdrafts, and highly liquid temporary investments.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interests in Exploration Properties and Deferred Exploration Expenditures:

Exploration properties and deferred exploration expenditures are carried at cost until they are brought into production, at which time they are depleted on a unit-of–production method based on proven and probable reserves. If a property is subsequently determined to be significantly impaired in value, the property and related deferred costs are written down to their net realizable value. Other general exploration expenses are charged to operations as incurred. The cost of exploration properties abandoned or sold and their related deferred exploration costs are charged to operations in the current year.

The Company reviews its exploration properties on a regular basis to determine if events or changes in circumstances have transpired which indicate that the carrying value of its assets may not be recoverable. The recoverability of costs incurred on the exploration properties is dependent upon numerous factors including exploration results, environmental risks, commodity risks, political risks, and the Company's ability to attain profitable production. In reviewing its exploration properties, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from each asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the undiscounted, expected future cash flow is less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that changes in future conditions in the near-term could require a change in the determination of the need for and amount of any write down.

Costs include the cash consideration and the fair market value of the shares issued for the acquisition of exploration properties. The carrying value is reduced by option proceeds received until such time as the property cost and deferred expenditures are reduced to nominal amounts. Properties acquired under option agreements or by joint ventures, whereby payments are made at the sole discretion of the Company, are recorded in the accounts at the time of payment.

Asset Retirement Obligations:

The Company follows the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants accounting standard on "Asset retirement obligations". Under the standard the Company is required to record a liability for the estimated future costs associated with legal obligations relating to the reclamation and closure of its exploration properties. This amount is initially recorded at its discounted present value with subsequent annual recognition of an accretion amount on the discounted liability. An equivalent amount is recorded as an increase to exploration properties and deferred exploration costs and amortized over the useful life of the properties. Management is not aware of any asset retirement obligations.

Equipment and Amortization:

Equipment is stated at acquisition cost. Amortization is provided at the following rates:

Office Equipment	- 20% declining balance
Computer Equipment	- 30% declining balance

Flow-Through Financing:

The Company has financed a portion of its exploration activities through the issue of flow-through shares, which transfers the tax deductibility of exploration expenditures to the investor. Proceeds received on the issue of such shares have been credited to capital stock and the related exploration costs have been charged to interests in exploration properties and deferred exploration expenditures.

Resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with income tax legislation. When these expenditures are renounced, temporary taxable differences created by the renunciation will reduce share capital.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates:

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Such estimates and assumptions affect the carrying value of assets, impact decisions as to when exploration and development costs should be capitalized or expensed, and estimates for asset retirement obligations and reclamation costs. The Company regularly reviews its estimates and assumptions, however, actual results could differ from these estimates and these differences could be material.

Income Taxes:

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, future income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying values and the income tax bases of assets and liabilities, and are measured using the substantively enacted income tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the temporary differences are expected to reverse. The effect on future income tax assets and liabilities of a change in income tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the date of enactment or substantive enactment of the change. When the future realization of income tax assets does not meet the test of being more likely than not to occur, a valuation allowance in the amount of the potential future benefit is taken and no net asset is recognized.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share:

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated using the treasury stock method. In order to determine diluted earnings (loss) per share, the treasury stock method assumes that any proceeds from the exercise of dilutive stock options and warrants would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period, with the incremental number of shares being included in the denominator of the diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation. The diluted earnings (loss) per share calculation excludes any potential conversion of options and warrants that would increase earnings per share or decrease loss per share.

3. AMALGAMATION

On July 7, 2006, Arrabbiata Capital Corp. (“Arrabbiata”) entered into a share exchange agreement (the “Reverse Takeover Transaction”) with Olivut Investments Ltd. (“Olivut”). Pursuant to the terms and conditions of such agreement, on January 8, 2007 Olivut was amalgamated with Arrabbiata’s wholly owned subsidiary, 2111940 Ontario Ltd., to form a wholly owned subsidiary of Arrabbiata.

Each former shareholder of Arrabbiata received 1.558 new Arrabbiata common shares immediately prior to the amalgamation. Upon completion of the amalgamation, each shareholder of Olivut received one common share of Arrabbiata for each share held in Olivut. All special warrants of Olivut were automatically exercised. All outstanding warrants of Olivut were converted on substantially the same terms into warrants of Arrabbiata.

On January 8, 2007 the Reverse Takeover Transaction was completed and Arrabbiata changed its name to “Olivut Resources Ltd.” (the “Company”).

After the completion of the transaction, the security holders of Olivut held more than 50% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the combined entity. In accordance with CICA EIC-10, the substance of the transaction was a capital transaction and was accounted for as a reverse take-over with Olivut being identified as the acquirer. In accordance with reverse take-over accounting, the consolidated balance sheet is a continuation of Olivut, the capital structure reflects that of Arrabbiata and the stated value of the share capital is that of Olivut. Comparative figures presented in the consolidated financial statements after the reverse take-over are those of ,Olivut.

At the time of the transaction, the net assets at estimated fair values that were acquired by Olivut were as follows:

Net assets acquired:

Cash	$325,954

4. DEFERRED PUBLIC OFFERING COSTS

The Company incurred cumulative costs of $604,932 (October 31, 2006 - $592,388) related to its efforts in obtaining a public listing. These costs have been recorded as a share issue cost.

5. INTERESTS IN EXPLORATION PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

The Company has a 100% interest in 32 mineral claims and 54 prospecting permits in the Mackenzie Region, Northwest Territories. The interests in exploration properties are subject to a 1.5% Net Smelter Return (“NSR”), 50% of which is held by a director of the Company. The NSR can be repurchased by the Company, at the Company's option, for $10,000,000 until January 10, 2009.

A breakdown of the expenditures during the period is as follows:

Balance, October 31, 2006	Acquisition Costs	Deferred Expenditures	Balance, January 31,2007
$	$	$	$
4,223,745	-	581,487	4,805,232

6. EQUIPMENT

	January 31, 2007			October 31, 2006
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Net
	$	$	$	$
Office equipment	11,951	6,002	5,949	6,263
Computer equipment	17,316	13,443	3,873	4,187
	29,267	19,445	9,822	10,450

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the three-month period ended January 31, 2007, a total of $49,485 (2006 - $11,100) for exploration consulting expenditures, $8,500 (2006 - $9,000) for deferred public offering costs and share issuance consulting costs, $17,700 (2006 - $6,900) for general and administrative fees were paid to a director of the Company and a former director of the Company or persons or companies related to or controlled by them. The director and former director of the Company were also reimbursed at cost for expenses incurred on behalf of the Company. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at January 31, 2007 is $39,535 (October 31, 2006 – $28,174) owing to a director of the Company and a former director of the Company or persons or companies related to or controlled by them.

The above transactions were in the normal course of operations and the consideration paid was at normal market rates.

8. CAPITAL STOCK

The capital stock is as follows:

a) **Authorized**
Unlimited number of common shares

b) **Issued**
26,521,357 common shares

A summary of changes in common shares is as follows: (Note 3)

	Common Shares #	Amount $
Balance of capital stock of legal parent (Arrabbiata)		
Arrabbiata shares issued and outstanding, October 31, 2006	6,617,800	713,008
Split of Arrabbiata shares on a basis of 1.558:1	3,692,732	-
	10,310,532	713,008
Balance of capital stock of legal subsidiary (Olivut)		
Olivut shares issued and outstanding, October 31, 2006	10,310,000	2,642,993
Special warrants converted into shares	5,900,825	5,483,800
Public offering cost	-	(604,932)
Future tax effect of Reverse Takeover Transaction	-	141,935
Elimination of Arrabbiata share capital	-	(387,054)
	16,210,825	7,276,742
	26,521,357	7,989,750

c) Special Warrants

A summary of changes in special warrants is as follows:

	Warrants	Amount
	#	$
Balance, October 31, 2006	5,900,825	5,483,800
Exercised (i)	(5,900,825)	(5,483,800)
Balance, January 31, 2007	-	-

(i) Each special warrant was automatically exercised into one common share of the Company for no additional consideration on January 8, 2007 the date of the Reverse Takeover Transaction.

d) Warrants

A summary of changes in warrants is as follows:

	Shares Issuable Upon Exercise of Warrants	Value	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	#	$	$
Balance, October 31, 2006 and January 31, 2007	560,000	132,000	1.00

As at January 31, 2007, the following warrants were issued and outstanding:

Shares on exercise of warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry date
#	$	
560,000	1.00	January 8, 2008

e) Stock options:

The Company's Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") provides for the granting of stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the company. Share options are granted for a term not to exceed five years at exercise prices not less than the closing sale price on the TSX Venture Exchange on the trading day immediately preceding the date the options are granted, and are not transferable. The Plan is administered by the Board of Directors, which determines individual eligibility under the Plan, number of shares reserved for optioning to each individual (not to exceed 5% of issued and outstanding shares to any one individual) and the vesting period. The maximum number of shares of the Company that are issuable pursuant to the Plan is limited to 10% of the issued shares.

On January 18, 2007, the Company announced that it granted stock options to officers and directors of the Company to purchase up to 1,950,000 common shares ("Common Shares") in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of $1.00 per Common Share. A further 250,000 stock options were granted to a geological consultant of the Company. The stock options shall vest over 18 months, in the case of stock options granted to the President of the Company, and over three years in the case of the remaining officers, directors and the consultant. The stock options shall expire on January 17, 2012. Following the grant of such stock options, a further 202,855 Common Shares will be available for issuance under the Plan.

e) Stock options: (continued)

The following is a summary of stock options outstanding at January 31, 2007:

Expiry Date	Stock options #	Exercisable stock options #	Exercise price $
January 9, 2008	186,960	186,960	0.1284
August 6, 2008	62,320	62,320	0.1284
January 17, 2012	2,200,000	-	1.00
	2,449,280	249,280	

The following is a summary of stock option transactions during the quarter ended January 31, 2007:

	Stock options #	Weighted average exercise price $
Arrabbiata options outstanding, October 31, 2006	160,000	0.20
Split on basis of 1.558:1 on completion of Reverse Takeover Transaction	89,280	-
	249,280	0.1284
Granted January 17, 2007	2,200,000	1.00
Outstanding, January 31, 2007	2,449,280	0.91

The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during the period is $0.76.

Stock options granted January 17, 2007 have been valued at the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Expected dividend	0%
Risk-free interest rate	4.00%
Volatility	100%
Expected life	5 years

The value attributable to the options granted January 17, 2007 totaled $1,672,000 and will be charged to general and administrative expenses and included in contributed surplus over the period the options vest. An amount of $61,926 was charged to expense in the quarter ended January 31, 2007.

f) Contributed Surplus

A summary of changes in contributed surplus is as follows:

	Amount $
Balance, October 31, 2006	-
Employee stock based compensation	57,088
Non-employee stock based compensation	4,838
Balance, January 31, 2007	61,926

9. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

a) Environmental Contingencies

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various federal and provincial laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, the amounts of which cannot yet be determined or estimated.

b) Flow-through Expenditures

Pursuant to the issuance of 2,777,500 flow-through special warrants during the year ended October 31, 2006, the Company renounced $2,777,500 of qualified exploration expenditures with an effective date of December 31, 2006 in February 2007. The effect of this renunciation will be recorded in February 2007, which is the date of the renunciation. As of January 31, 2007, the Company has expended $1,046,211 related to these flow through funds and is committed to expend the balance of $1,731,289 by December 31, 2007.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value:

Canadian generally accepted accounting principles require that the Company disclose information about the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities. Fair value estimates are made at the balance sheet date, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties in significant matters of judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

The carrying amounts of cash and short-term investments, amounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the balance sheet approximate fair market value because of the limited term of these instruments.

Commodity Price Risk:

The ability of the Company to develop its properties and the future profitability of the Company is directly related to the market price of certain minerals.